

**Material Safety Data Sheet
(ACID CONCRETE CLEANER 140)**

JMN Specialties, Inc. 1100 Victory Drive Westwego, LA 70094 (504) 341-3749 ISO 9001 Registered	HMIS HEALTH:3 HMIS FLAMMABILITY:0 HMIS REACTIVITY:0 PERSONAL PROTECTION:H EMERGENCY NUMBER:800-255-3924
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SECTION 1 – IDENTIFICATION OF CHEMICAL PRODUCT

PRODUCT NAME:..... ACID CONCRETE CLEANER 140
EFFECTIVE DATE:..... September 11, 2007
CHEMICAL FAMILY:..... Compound Cleaning Liquid
FORMULA:..... Proprietary
CAS NUMBER:..... Blend

SECTION 2 – COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENT	PERCENT	CAS NUMBER	PEL
Hydrochloric Acid	< 30	7647-01-0	OSHA 5 ppm
Glycol Ether EB	< 8	111-76-2	OSHA TWA (Skin) 50 ppm ACGIH STEL 75ppm

The criteria for listing components in the composition section are as follows: Carcinogens are listed when present at 0.1% or greater; components which are otherwise hazardous according to OSHA are listed when present at 1.0% or greater. Non-hazardous components may be listed at 3.0% or greater if not proprietary in nature. This is not intended to be complete compositional disclosure. Refer to section 14 for applicable states right to know and other regulatory information.

SECTION 3 – HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

APPEARANCE / ODOR: Clear Yellowish / Brown Liquid - Sharp, Pungent Odor
SHORT TERM EXPOSURE: **GENERAL:** The primary ingredient in this product is Hydrochloric Acid. This product is corrosive and can cause severe and painful burns on contact with any part of the body or if taken internally. The mucous membranes of the eyes and the upper respiratory tract are especially susceptible to the irritating effects of high atmospheric concentrations of Hydrogen Chloride.
INHALATION: Inhalation of excessive concentrations of Hydrogen Chloride vapors immediately produces severe irritation of the upper respiratory tract, resulting in coughing, burning of the throat, and a choking sensation. If inhaled deeply, edema of the lungs may occur. **EYES:** Contact with Hydrogen Chloride, either in gas or in solution, causes severe irritation and painful burns of the eyes and eyelids. The acid **MUST** be removed quickly with thorough irrigation with water or there may be prolonged or permanent visual impairment or total loss of sight. **SKIN:** Concentrated solutions are destructive to clothing and on contact with skin, causes severe burns unless promptly washed off. **INGESTION:** Hydrochloric Acid, when swallowed, causes severe burns of the mucous membranes of the mouth, esophagus and stomach.

OSHA REGULATED: No

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LISTED CARCINOGEN: NTP: No IARC MONOGRAPHS: No

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

INHALATION: Corrosive

INGESTION: Corrosive

SKIN (DERMAL): CORROSIVE

OVER EXPOSURE EFFECTS: **Inhalation:** Respiratory tract irritant, may cause burns on acute contact. **Ingestion:** Severe irritant to mucous membranes and may cause perforation of the esophagus and stomach. Abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, general gastro-intestinal upset can be expected. **Skin Contact:** Irritant, possibly corrosive if contact is prolonged. **Eye Contact:** Irritant, possibly corrosive to eye tissues. Tearing, redness, pain, impaired vision are symptoms. **Chronic Exposure:** Development of a defatting dermatitis or destruction of skin on prolonged contact with acids have been reported. Continued irritation may lead to increased susceptibility to respiratory illness. **Aggravation of Pre-existing Conditions:** Persons with pre-existing skin disorders or eye problems, or impaired kidney or respiratory function may be more susceptible to the effects of the substance.

SECTION 4 – FIRST AID MEASURES

FIRST AID:

SKIN CONTACT: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash affected area with soap or mild detergent and large amounts of water until no evidence of chemical remains (at least 15-20 minutes). Get medical attention immediately. **EYE CONTACT:** Flush eyes immediately with large amounts of water or normal saline solution, occasionally lifting upper and lower lids until no evidence of chemical remains (at least 15-20 minutes). Get medical attention immediately. **INGESTION:** Give large amounts of fresh water or milk immediately. Do not give anything by mouth if person is unconscious or otherwise unable to swallow. If vomiting occurs, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Seek medical attention immediately. **INHALATION:** Remove from exposure area to fresh air immediately. If breathing has stopped, perform artificial resuscitation. Keep person warm and at rest. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Seek medical attention immediately. Qualified medical personnel should consider administering oxygen.

SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASHPOINT:..... Non-flammable water solution.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Water fog or spray, Foam, Dry Powder, Carbon Dioxide (CO₂).

DECOMPOSITION

PRODUCTS:..... This product is a stable compound and may form an azeotrope that boils at 227°F at one atmosphere which could contain approximately 20% Hydrogen Chloride. Hydrogen Chloride gas forms at temperatures above 2732°F.

LOWER FLAME LIMIT:..... NA

HIGHER FLAME LIMIT:..... NA

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UNUSUAL FIRE AND

EXPLOSION HAZARDS:..... VAPOR MAY CONTAIN EXPLOSIVE HYDROGEN. TO PREVENT IGNITION OF VAPOR; SMOKING, FLAMES, AND SPARKS SHOULD NOT BE PERMITTED IN STORAGE AREAS. CAUSES SEVERE BURNS.

FIRE FIGHTING

EQUIPMENT:..... Fire fighters and others exposed to products of combustion should wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

CHEMTEL EMERGENCY

NUMBER (24 Hour): 1-800-255-3924

SPILL: Ventilate area of leak or spill. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Isolate hazard area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Contain and recover liquid when possible. Neutralize with alkaline material (soda ash, lime), then absorb with an inert material (e. g., vermiculite, dry sand, earth), and place in a chemical waste container. Do not use combustible materials, such as saw dust. Do not flush to sewer! US Regulations (CERCLA) require reporting spills and releases to soil, water and air in excess of reportable quantities. The toll free number for the US Coast Guard National Response Center is (800) 424-8802.

RCRA STATUS: 5,850 lbs.

SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLE IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOOD INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE AND SAFETY PRACTICES. THESE PRACTICES INCLUDE AVOIDING UNNECESSARY EXPOSURE AND PROMPT REMOVAL OF MATERIAL FROM EYES, SKIN, AND CLOTHING.

HANDLING AND STORAGE: .. Store in a cool place away from ignition sources. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling.

PRECAUTIONARY

MEASURES: Use chemical safety goggles and full face shield, full face vapor respirator or Scott Air-Pak, impervious gloves and protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. After handling this product, wash hands before eating, drinking, or smoking. If contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing. If needed, take firstaid action shown in Section 4. Do not breathe vapors.

SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROL / PERSONAL PROTECTION

GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS:

Consider the potential hazards of this material (see section 3), applicable exposure limits, job activities, and other substances in the work place when designing engineering controls and selecting personal protective equipment.

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EYE PROTECTION:..... Chemical safety goggles meeting the specifications of OSHA 29CFR 1910.133 / ANSI Standard Z87.1 should be worn whenever there is the possibility of splashing or other contact with the eyes. Wear safety glasses meeting the specifications of OSHA 29CFR 1910.133 / ANSI Standard Z87.1 where no contact with the eye is anticipated.

RESPIRATORY

PROTECTION:..... If the exposure limit is exceeded and engineering controls are not feasible, a full facepiece respirator with an acid gas cartridge may be worn up to 50 times the exposure limit or the maximum use concentration specified by the appropriate regulatory agency or respirator supplier, whichever is lowest. For emergencies or instances where the exposure levels are not known, use a full-facepiece positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator.

Use NIOSH / MSHA approved respiratory protection equipment when airborne exposure limits are exceeded (see below). Consult the respirator manufacturer to determine appropriate type of equipment for a given application. Observe respirator use limitations specified by NIOSH / MSHA or the manufacturer. Respiratory protection programs must comply with 29 CFR 1910.134. WARNING: Air-purifying respirators do not protect workers in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES:..... Wear impervious gloves

VENTILATION: A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the Airborne Exposure Limits. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Please refer to the ACGIH document, *Industrial Ventilation, A Manual of Recommended Practices*, most recent edition, for details.

MECHANICAL EXHAUST: Desired in closed places

LOCAL EXHAUST: Recommended

VENTILATION NOTES: Provide natural or mechanical ventilation to control exposure levels below Airborne exposure limits (see below). The use of local mechanical exhaust ventilation is preferred at sources of air contamination such as open process equipment. Consult NFPA Standard 91 for design of exhaust systems.

THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE: . OSHA 5 ppm based on Hydrochloric Acid in blend.

PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:... HMIS PERSONAL PROTECTION: H: Splash Goggles, Gloves, Apron, Vapor Respirator

The user should read and understand all instructions and limitations supplied with the equipment since protection is usually provided for a limited time or under certain circumstances.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE / ODOR: Clear Yellowish / Brown Liquid - Sharp, Pungent Odor

BOILING POINT: 230°F

FREEZING POINT: < 32°F

VAPOR PRESSURE:..... ND

VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1): > 1

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 1.12 - 1.15

pH: 1% Solution pH = 0.5 - 1.0

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Complete

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SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY:..... Stable

HAZARDOUS

POLYMERIZATION:..... Will not occur.

POLYMERIZATION AVOID:... NA

INCOMPATIBILITY:..... The reaction of Hydrochloric Acid with most metals will produce Hydrogen, an explosive, flammable gas. Violent reactions result with mixed with alkaline materials. A strong mineral acid, concentrated hydrochloric acid is highly reactive with strong bases, metals, metal oxides, hydroxides, amines, carbonates and other alkaline materials. Incompatible with materials such as cyanides, sulfides, sulfites, and formaldehyde.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID:..... Temperatures above 227°F, heat, direct sunlight.

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

EYE EFFECTS:

The eye irritation hazard is based on data from information supplied by raw material(s) supplier(s).

SKIN EFFECTS:

The skin irritation hazard is based on data from information supplied by raw material(s) supplier(s).

ACUTE ORAL EFFECTS:

The acute oral toxicity is based on data from information supplied by raw material(s) supplier(s).

ACUTE INHALATION EFFECTS:

The acute respiratory toxicity is based on data from information supplied by raw material(s) supplier(s).

SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Data from laboratory studies and from scientific literature is noted below if available.

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL: Treatment, storage, transportation and disposal must be in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial and Local Regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Characterization and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the generator. Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be managed in an appropriate and approved waste disposal facility. Processing, use or contamination of this product may change the waste management options. State and local disposal regulations may differ from federal disposal regulations. Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state and local requirements.

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SECTION 14- TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

The data provided in this section is for information only. The description shown may not apply to all shipping situations. Consult 49CFR, or appropriate regulations to properly classify your shipment for transportation.

PROPER SHIPPING NAME:..... Corrosive Liquid N.O.S. Contains (Hydrochloric Acid), 8, UN1760, PG II. Guide #154.

REPORTABLE QUANTITY:..... 5,850 lbs.

HAZARD CLASS AND LABEL: 8, Corrosive Liquid

UN NUMBER:..... 1760

NA NUMBER:..... None

PACKAGING SIZE:..... 5 gallon pail, 55 gallon drum, bulk

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 311 CATEGORIES:

EPA ACUTE:..... Yes

EPA CHRONIC: Yes

EPA IGNITABILITY: No

EPA REACTIVITY: Yes

EPA SUDDEN RELEASE

OF PRESSURE: No

CERCLA RQ VALUE:..... 5,850 lbs.

SARA TPQ: None

SARA RQ:..... 5,850 lbs.

EPA HAZARD WASTE #: D002 - Corrosive

CLEAN AIR: NA

CLEAN WATER:..... SECTION 311

SARA SECTION 313:..... YES - Hydrochloric Acid

NFPA HEALTH: 3

NFPA FLAMMABILITY:..... 0

NFPA REACTIVITY: 0

DEA Chemical Trafficking Act:.. No

TSCA STATUS: All ingredients in this product are on the TSCA Inventory List.

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SECTION 16 - ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

FOOT NOTES: ND - No Data Available NA - Not Applicable < = Less Than > = Greater Than

Prepared according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and the ANSI MSDS Standard (Z400.1) by the Company Health and Risk Assessment Unit, PO Box 1519, Gretna, LA 70054-1519.

REVISION STATEMENT: Changes have been made throughout this Material Safety Data Sheet. Please read the entire document.

DISCLAIMER:

Although the information and recommendations set forth herein (hereinafter "Information") are presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date hereof, the Company makes no representations as to the completeness or accuracy thereof. Information is supplied upon the condition that the persons receiving this MSDS will make their own determination as to its suitability for their intended purposes prior to use. Since the product is within the exclusive control of the user, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of this product. Such conditions should comply with all Federal Regulations concerning the Product. It must be recognized that the physical and chemical properties of any product may not be fully understood and that new, possibly hazardous products may arise from reactions between chemicals. The information given in this data sheet is based on our present knowledge and shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship. **NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR OF ANY OTHER NATURE ARE MADE HEREUNDER WITH RESPECT TO INFORMATION OR THE PRODUCT TO WHICH INFORMATION REFERS.**

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